

$$e^{A\hat{n}} = ?$$

$$\hat{n} = c^\dagger c, \quad \{c, c^\dagger\} = \underbrace{c c^\dagger + c^\dagger c}_{=1} = 1, \quad c^2 = 0, \quad (c^\dagger)^2 = 0$$

$$1 + (e^A - 1)n$$

$$n^2 = c^\dagger c \cdot c^\dagger c = c^\dagger \underbrace{c c^\dagger}_1 c = c^\dagger (1 - c^\dagger c) c$$

$$1 - c^\dagger c = c^\dagger c = c^\dagger c = n$$

$$- c^\dagger c^\dagger c c \stackrel{=0}{\text{---}}$$

$$n^2 = n, \quad n^3 = n^2 = n$$

$$e^{An} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(An)^k}{k!} = 1 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{A^k n^k}{k!} = 1 + \left(\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{A^k}{k!} \right) n$$

$$= 1 + \left(1 + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k}{k!} \right) n - n$$

$$\underbrace{\left(1 + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{A^k}{k!} \right)}_{= e^A}$$

$$= 1 + (e^A - 1)n$$

$$A=0 \Rightarrow e^0 = 1, \quad 1 + \underbrace{(e^0 - 1)}_{=0} n = 1 \quad \text{o.k.}$$